

Angličtina bez knihy a bez pera

Stupeň 3

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Číslo v hranatej zátvorke udáva zvukovú stopu na CD.

1 Opakovanie prítomného času

1.1 [1] Odpovedzte krátko kladne, že áno.

Vzor: *Is he at home?*

Yes, he is.

Is she good at mathematics?

Yes, she is.

Does he want to see it?

Yes, he does.

Do they often need it?

Yes, they do.

Is it difficult for you?

Yes, it is.

Are they busy?

Yes, they are.

Is he looking for his car keys?

Yes, he is.

Has he got a new tennis racket?

Yes, he has.

Does he often use a taxi?

Yes, he does.

Do you read in bed?

Yes, I do.

Have you got a meeting today?

Yes, I have.

Is this your typical daily programme?

Yes, it is.

Is that house for sale?

Yes, it is.

Does she sleep well ?

Yes, she does.

Are they always on time?

Yes, they are.

Are you ready?
Yes, I am.

1.2 [2] Odpovedzte krátko záporne, že nie.

Vzor: *Are hungry,*
No, I'm not.

Is it difficult for you?
No, it isn't.

Have they got a meeting today?
No, they haven't.

Are you looking for your car key?
No, I'm not.

Is this table free?
No, it isn't.

Is the shop open?
No, it isn't.

Do you know much about it?
No, I don't.

Does she want to study physics?
No, she doesn't.

1.3 [3] Budete počut', že niekto niečo robí. Povedzte, že to robí často.

Vzor: *He is busy.*
He is often busy.

He is in a hurry.
He is often in a hurry.

She works until six.
She often works until six.

They have corn flakes for breakfast.
They often have corn flakes for breakfast.

They are wrong.
They are often wrong.

It rains here.
It often rains here.

She goes to see her.
She often goes to see her.

He asks about them.
He often asks about them.

1.4 [4] Na vety, ktoré počujete, sa opýtajte celou vetou pomocou How often.

Vzor: *They eat fish and chips.*
How often do they eat fish and chips?

They have eggs for breakfast.
How often do they have eggs for breakfast?

She takes medicine.
How often does she take medicine?

He's got a headache.
How often has he got a headache?

He's wearing a hat.
How often does he wear a hat?

I'm phoning my friend.
How often do you phone your friend?

She often takes aspirins.
How often does she take aspirins?

He often goes fishing.
How often does he go fishing?

1.5 [5] Na otázku, odpovedajte záporne, že vy schôdzu nemáte, že vy tomu neveríte a podobne.

Vzor: *Henry's got a meeting this afternoon. And you?*
I haven't got a meeting this afternoon.

I believe the story about wolves. And you?
I don't believe the story about wolves.

He is interested in that business. And you?
I'm not interested in that business.

They usually have dinner at six. And you?
I don't usually have dinner at six.

She understands the problem. And you?
I don't understand the problem.

I know that man with glasses. And you?
I don't know that man with glasses.

Alice wants to go out. And you?
I don't want to go out.

Peter often reads horror stories. And you?
I don't often read horror stories.

1.6 [6] Odpovedzte Áno a v odpovedi použite uvedenú možnosť.

Vzor: *When is George usually in his office? From nine to five?*
Yes, he's usually in his office from nine to five.

When do they usually meet? On Saturdays?
Yes, they usually meet on Saturdays.

When do you usually have lunch? At noon?
Yes, I usually have lunch at noon.

Where is Alice now? In her office?
Yes, she is in her office now.

When is Mark usually free? After seven?
Yes, he is usually free after seven.

Where is Linda this weekend? In London?
Yes, she is in London this weekend.

Where are Margaret and Jessica going tomorrow? To a party?
Yes, they are going to a party tomorrow.

Where is the nearest hospital? Next to the Park Hotel?
Yes, the nearest hospital is next to the Park Hotel.

1.7 [7] Odpovedzte Áno a v odpovedi použite uvedenú možnosť.

Vzor: *What kind of car have they got? A Volvo?*
Yes, they've got a Volvo.

Why does he often buy magazines? To read job adverts?
Yes, he often buys magazines to read job adverts.

What kind of accent has he got? American?
Yes, he's got an American accent.

When does she usually do her shopping? On her way home?
Yes, she usually does her shopping on her way home.

Why is he worried? Because she' s late?
Yes, he is worried because she' s late.

What kinds of book does he like reading? Adventure stories?
Yes, he likes reading adventure stories.

Why does he travel to London? To see his uncle?
Yes, he travels to London to see his uncle.

Why do the young people leave the country? Because there are no jobs?
Yes, the young people leave the country because there are no jobs.

**1.8 [8] Pýtajte sa na posledné slová vety, ako keby ste ich nerozumeli.
Používajte miesto Mike, Mary - he, she, they**

Vzor: *Mike is looking for his car key.*
What is he looking for?

Those CDs are by Elton John.
Who are those CDs by?

Mrs Crowley is happy about her children.
Who is she happy about?

David often talks about his university studies.
What does he often talk about?

George is worried about the weather forecast.
What is he worried about?

Mr Carpenter works for General Electric.
What company does he work for?

They have got a Mercedes.
What kind of car have they got?

He likes reading books about sport.
What kind of books does he like reading?

The island is very quiet.
What is the island like?

Jenny has lunch with her boy friend.
Who does she have lunch with?

The messages are for Patrick.
Who are the messages for?

William needs his brother's help.
Whose help does he need?

The book is about Alaska.
What is the book about?

She's got the present from Mike.
Who's she got the present from?

Richard wants to speak about his business trip.
What does he want to speak about?

2 Opakovanie Any, Not Any, Nothing, Nobody, Nowhere, None.

2.1 [9] Vyjadrite zápor celou vetou pomocou Not any.

Vzor: *Are there any mountains?*
There aren't any mountains.

Have they got any answers to this problem?
They haven't got 't any answers to this problem.

Is there any fun with them ?
There isn't any fun with them.

Have they got any good ideas?
They haven't got any good ideas.

Is there any traffic in the street at the moment?
There isn't any traffic in the street at the moment.

Are there any messages on the answer phone?
There aren't any messages on the answer phone.

Is there any difference between these two machines?
There isn't any difference between these two machines.

2.2 [10] Zápor vyjadrite jedným slovom pomocou Nothing, Nobody, Nowhere, None.

Vzor: *What do you want?*
Nothing.

Who is interested in it?
Nobody.

What's there on the shelf?
Nothing.

How much money have you got with you?
None.

How much time have you got?
None.

What's happening in the street?
Nothing.

Where are you going on holiday this year?
Nowhere.

How many children have they got?
None.

3 Opakovanie minulého času

3.1 [11] Odpovedajte krátko kladne v minulom a prítomnom čase.

Vzor: *Does he know it?* *Did you know it?*
Yes, he does. *Yes, I did.*

Did she go to the party last night?
Yes, she did.

Did he study English before he came here?
Yes, he did.

Does he take bus to work?
Yes, he does.

Was there an art museum in that town?
Yes, there was.

Does he spend much money on books?
Yes, he does.

Did she buy a second hand car last week?
Yes, she did.

Are you tired after that long walk?
Yes, I am.

Was it too cold to go swimming?
Yes, it was.

Did they forget to lock the door?
Yes, they did.

Did Tom pay for his air ticket in cash?
Yes, he did.

Do you understand what is he talking about?
Yes, I do.

Did the children have a good time yesterday?
Yes, they did.

Did she want to talk to him?
Yes, she did.

Did it rain every day during your holiday?
Yes, it did.

Do they often change their plans?
Yes, they do.

3.2 [12] Odpovedzte krátko záporne v prítomnom alebo minulom čase.

Vzor: *Does Caroline still have a headache?*
No, she doesn't.

Was she happy when she heard the news?
No, she wasn't.

Does he run in a marathon every year?
No, he doesn't.

Did Mike find a permanent job?
No, he didn't.

Did she ask you how to use the photocopier?
No, she didn't.

Does Caroline still have a headache?
No, she doesn't.

Is Jack still here?
No, he isn't.

Were you surprised when Jenny and Andy got married last year?
No, I wasn't.

Did she look stupid with her new haircut?
No, she didn't.

Does he often ask her for money?
No, he doesn't.

Did he throw the keys to you?
No, he didn't.

Did Paul go out in the cold without a coat?
No, he didn't.

Is Linda sorry about it?
No, she isn't.

Was last year a bad year for the company?
No, it wasn't.

Did you walk to the end of the street and back again?
No, I didn't.

Is he different from the other people you know?
No, he isn't.

Does he always look so serious?
No, he doesn't.

3.3 [13] Na vetu reagujte otázkou pomocou Why. Vo vetách používajte zámená it, her, him, them.

Vzor: He broke his grandmother's vase.
Why did he break it?

They carried five people out of the room.
Why did they carry them out of the room?

They arranged to meet after work.
Why did they arrange to meet after work?

He started running.
Why did he start running?

She lost control of the car.
Why did she lose control of the car?

I wanted to go alone.
Why did you want to go alone?

The calculator fell on the floor.
Why did it fall on the floor?

Tom left early.
Why did he leave early?

His car broke down.
Why did it break down?

I forgot to post the letter.
Why did you forget to post it?

She made the same mistake again.
Why did she make it again?

Carol spoke to the manager.
Why did she speak to him?

He drove fast.
Why did he drive fast?

I felt terrible last night.
Why did you feel terrible last night?

He woke up in the middle of the night.

Why did he wake up in the middle of the night?

3.4 [14] Odpovedajte krátko záporne a pridajte celú vetu, ktorou chcete svoju výpoveď zdôrazniť.

Vzor: *Did Mike come at five?*

No, he didn't. Mike didn't come at five.

Did the price go down?

No, it didn't. The price didn't go down.

Did you put the pullover in the washing machine?

No, I didn't. I didn't put the pullover in the washing machine.

Was it difficult to contact Sarah?

No, it wasn't. It wasn't difficult to contact Sarah.

Did she use a credit card?

No, she didn't. She didn't use a credit card.

Did you feel well when you woke up?

No, I didn't. I didn't feel well when I woke up.

Did you use the front door?

No, I didn't. I didn't use the front door.

Was there anything interesting in the newspaper yesterday?

No, there wasn't. There wasn't anything interesting in the newspaper yesterday.

Did you read the sports results?

No, I didn't. I didn't read the sports results.

Was there anything wrong with his car?

No, there wasn't. There wasn't anything wrong with his car.

Did she run across the road in front of your car?

No, she didn't. She didn't run across the road in front of my car.

Was the train service good?

No, it wasn't. The train service wasn't good.

Did they miss the flight?

No, they didn't. They didn't miss the flight.

Did she fall asleep during the film?

No, she didn't. She didn't fall asleep during the film.

Was she angry with you?

No, she wasn't. She wasn't angry with me.

3.5 [15] Na otázky odpovedajte: Nevieam, ale dotyčná osoba niečo vyhrala, videla, kúpila a podobne.

Vzor: *What did he win?*

I don't know. He won something.

What did they catch?

I don't know. They caught something.

Where did he stand?

I don't know. He stood somewhere.

What did she find?

I don't know. She found something.

Where did you lose it?

I don't know. I lost it somewhere.

What did he steal?

I don't know. He stole something.

Where did they run?

I don't know. They ran somewhere.

What did he light?

I don't know. He lit something.

Where did they take him?

I don't know. They took him somewhere.

What did it mean?

I don't know. It meant something.

What did he cut?

I don't know. He cut something.

Where did it fall?

I don't know. It fell somewhere.

What did he forget?

I don't know. He forgot something.

What did she feel?

I don't know. She felt something.

Where did he hide?

I don't know. He hid somewhere.

What did they hold?
I don't know. They held something.

3.6 [16] Pýtajte sa na množstvo alebo počet pomocou How many, How much.

Vzor: *He spoke seven languages.*
How many languages did he speak?

He needed some paper.
How much paper did he need?

Mary looked after some children.
How many children did she look after?

Mike didn't write two articles.
How many articles did he write?

It didn't cost 60 pounds to hire a car.
How much did it cost to hire a car?

There weren't 370 pages.
How many pages were there?

He borrowed some money from me.
How much money did he borrow from you?

3.7 [17] Na otázky reagujte záporne celou vetou, že vy ste to nechceli.

Vzor: *He wanted to stay. And you?*
I didn't want to stay.

He wanted to have an enormous meal. And you?
I didn't want to have an enormous meal.

He wanted to hear the story from beginning to end. And you?
I didn't want to hear the story from the beginning to end.

He wanted to change his original plan. And you?
I didn't want to change my original plan.

She wanted to hear their opinion. And you?
I didn't want to hear their opinion.

They wanted to have a tea break at ten. And you?
I didn't want to have a tea break at ten.

He wanted to call the travel agency. And you?
I didn't want to call the travel agency.

4 Opakovanie budúceho času, Going to, Would like, Can

4.1 [18] Odpovedzte krátko kladne.

Vzor: *Would you like to stay here?*
Yes, I would.

Will you be ready in twenty minutes?
Yes, I will.

Would you like a table for two?
Yes, we would.

Would she like this colour?
Yes, she would.

Will he need some extra money?
Yes, he will.

Can she apply for the job?
Yes, she can.

Are you going to check it?
Yes, I am.

Would he like to buy a pet?
Yes, he would.

Can you finish it in time?
Yes, I can.

Will you use English in the future?
Yes, I will.

Is he going to record another album?
Yes, he is.

Will she get a licence?
Yes, she will.

Can he translate the letter into Spanish?
Yes, he can.

Will they build a motorway here?
Yes, they will.

Is he going to live in a quiet village?
Yes, he will

Will that be all right?
Yes, it will.

5 No, Nobody, No one, Nothing, Nowhere

5.1 [19] Na záporné vety vyjadrené s Nobody, Nothing, Nowhere reagujte tak, že ich zopakujte pomocou Not anybody, Not anything, Not anywhere.

Vzor: Tom ate no soup.
Yes, he didn't eat any soup.

There was no one.
Yes, there wasn't any one.

There is nothing here.
Yes, there isn't anything here.

He heard nothing.
Yes, he didn't hear anything.

There was nothing to see.
Yes, there wasn't anything to see.

There was nobody near her.
Yes, there wasn't anybody near her.

He brought no present for her.
Yes, he didn't bring any present for her.

They had no money.
Yes, they didn't have any money.

She understood nothing.
Yes, she didn't understand anything.

They believed nobody.
Yes, they didn't believe anybody.

They went nowhere.
Yes, they didn't go anywhere.

She felt nothing.
Yes, she didn't feel anything.

There was nothing to do.
Yes, there wasn't anything to do.

There was nowhere to go.
Yes, there wasn't anywhere to go.

6 A lot of, Many, Much

6.1 [20] Na otázky ohľadne množstva odpovedzte kladne pomocou A lot of.

Vzor: Were there many people there?

Yes, there were a lot of people there.

Does she need much time to finish it?

Yes, she needs a lot of time to finish it.

Did they want to see many places?

Yes, they wanted to see a lot of places.

Were there many cars on the roads?

Yes, there were a lot of cars on the roads.

Did he have many phone calls?

Yes, he had a lot of phone calls.

Will they interview many people?

Yes, they will interview a lot of people.

7 Many - few, much - little

7.1 [21] Povedzte, že je to pravda, čo váš partner hovorí a svoj súhlas vyjadrite dôrazne pomocou **Very few, Very little**.

Vzor: *There isn't much snow here.*

You're right. There is very little snow here.

He doesn't need much time to finish.

You're right. He needs very little time to finish.

They didn't win many matches.

You're right. They won very few matches.

It didn't cost much to repair it.

You're right. It cost very little to repair it.

He didn't take many photographs when he was on holiday.

You're right. He took very few photographs when he was on holiday.

There wasn't much fun.

You're right. There was very little fun.

He didn't have much luck.

You're right. He had very little luck.

They didn't show much interest.

You're right. They showed very little interest.

8 A little, A few

8.1 [22] Na otázky odpovedzte Áno a dodajte A little, A few.

Vzor: Did she speak French?

Yes, a little.

Does he speak Spanish?

Yes, a little.

Were there any good restaurants?

Yes, a few.

Did she understand any questions?

Yes, a few.

Did they show any interest?

Yes, a little.

Did you see any interesting places?

Yes, a few.

Does he know any Spanish words on sport?

Yes, a few.

Is there any sugar?

Yes, a little.

Are there any new companies?

Yes, a few.

Are there any interesting messages on the answer phone?

Yes, a few.

9 Minulý čas prítomný

9.1 [23] Odpovedzte celou vetou. Rozhodnite sa pre druhú z možností.

Vzor: *Were they playing squash or tennis when you saw them?*
They were playing tennis when I saw them.

Was she wearing jeans or a dress when you saw her?
She was wearing a dress when I saw her.

Were you driving fast or slow when it happened?
I was driving slow when it happened.

Was she cooking lunch or dinner when it happened?
She was cooking dinner when it happened.

Were you walking to work or home when you met him?
I was walking home when I met him.

Was he watching a film or a language course when you came?
He was watching a language course when I came.

Were they talking about football or tennis when you came?
They were talking about tennis when I came.

9.2 [24] Budete počuť, že niekto niečo robil v určitú dobu. Povedzte, že to však nerobil, keď vy ste prišli.

Vzor: *Mike was watching television all day.*
But he wasn't watching television when I arrived.

She was talking to her friend at four.
But she wasn't talking to her friend when I arrived.

It was raining all day.
But it wasn't raining when I arrived.

She was having a chat from five to six.
But she wasn't having a chat when I arrived.

She was cleaning last Saturday.
But she wasn't cleaning when I arrived.

They were speaking English all day yesterday.
But they weren't speaking English when I arrived.

10 Opakovanie prítomného, minulého a budúceho času

10.1 [25] Odpovedajte krátko kladne.

Vzor: *Does he remember it?*
Yes, he does.

Did he see the accident?
Yes, he did.

Are they going to a party?
Yes, they are.

Was he wearing a helmet?
Yes, he was.

Does she enjoy her new job?
Yes, she does.

Did you take your car to the garage?
Yes, I did.

Were you driving behind that car?
Yes, I was.

Did he sell his car yesterday?
Yes, he did.

Do you stay at the same hotel every year?
Yes, I do.

Did he leave without saying anything?
Yes, he did.

Does she look different?
Yes, she does.

Will he get the job?
Yes, he will.

Do they know what to do?
Yes, they do.

11 Predprítomný čas

**11.1 [26] Budete počuť otázku, či ste niečo robili dnes, tento týždeň.
Odpovedzte, že nie, že ste to robili včera, minulý týždeň, mesiac, rok.**

Vzor: *Have you seen him today?*
No, I haven't. I saw him yesterday.

Have you seen her today?
No, I haven't. I saw her yesterday.

Have you bought it this year?
No, I haven't. I bought it last year.

Have you been there this month?
No, I haven't. I was there last month.

Have you phoned him today?
No, I haven't. I phoned him yesterday.

Have you lost it this week?
No, I haven't. I lost it last week.

Have you done it today?
No, I haven't. I did it yesterday.

11.2 [27] Odpovedajte, že ste to práve urobili.

Vzor: *When are you going to phone Sally?*
I have just phoned her.

When are you going to read the paper?
I have just read it.

When are you going to have lunch?
I have just had it.

When are you going to ask him ?
I have just asked him.

When are you going to reserve the table in the restaurant?
I have just reserved it.

When are you going to clean it?
I have just cleaned it.

When are you going to change it?
I have just changed it.

When are you going to copy the report?
I have just copied it.

11.3 [28] Na otázky odpovedajte kladne, že daná osoba to robila veľa krát.

Vzor: *Has he ever been to Paris?*
Yes, he has been to Paris many times.

Has she ever smoked a pipe?
Yes, she has smoked a pipe many times.

Has he ever driven a Porsche?
Yes, he has driven a Porsche many times.

Has she ever lost her car key?
Yes, she has lost her car key many times.

Has he ever been to the Middle East?
Yes, he has been to the Middle East many times.

Has she ever ridden an elephant?
Yes, she has ridden an elephant many times.

Have they ever drunk tequila?
Yes, they have drunk tequila many times.

Has she ever make a cake?
Yes, she has made a cake many times.

Have you ever worn this jacket?
Yes, I have worn this jacket many times.

Have you ever found any money in the street?
Yes, I have found some money in the street many times.

Has she ever heard strange noises at night?
Yes, she has heard strange noises at night many times.

Has he ever stopped smoking?
Yes, he has stopped smoking many times.

Have you ever heard this joke?
Yes, I have heard this joke many times.

Has he ever caught a fish?
Yes, he has caught a fish many times.

Has he ever played cricket?
Yes, he has played cricket many times.

Have you ever spent one whole day doing nothing?
Yes, I have spent one whole day doing nothing many times.

11.4 [29] Na otázky začínajúce How long odpovedajte pomocou uvedenej možnosti. Použite For, Since.

Vzor: *How long have you been here? For two days?*
Yes, I have been here for two days.

How long have you had the book? For a year?
Yes, I have had the book for a year.

How long have you known him? Since yesterday?
Yes, I have known him since yesterday.

How long has she had a driving license? For two years?
Yes, she has had a driving license for two years.

How long have they been married? For seven years?
Yes, they have been married for seven years.

How long has she had those glasses? Since she was fourteen years old?
Yes, she has had those glasses since she was fourteen years old.

How long has he been ill? Since Sunday?
Yes, he has been ill since Sunday.

11.5 [30] Na otázky odpovedajte, že už sa to stalo. Použite skrátené tvary.

Vzor: *Why don't you ask him?*
I've already asked him.

Why don't you try again?
I've already tried again.

Why doesn't he answer?
He's already answered.

Why don't you change it?
I've already changed it.

Why don't they pay for it?
They've already paid for it.

Why doesn't she tell them about it?
She's already told them about it.

Why don't they call a taxi?
They've already called a taxi.

Why doesn't he sign it?
He's already signed it.

Why don't you do it?
I've already done it.

11.6 [31] Budete počut', že niečo sa stalo. Opýtajte sa, kedy sa to stalo. Ak je to vhodné, použite miesto podstatného mena It.

Vzor: *They have finished the project.*
When did they finish it?

He's broken his leg.
When did he break his leg?

He's been on holiday.
When was he on holiday?

They've found it.
When did they find it?

She's lost her purse.
When did she lose it?

They've paid for the repair.
When did they pay for it?

Mike's heard a noise.
When did he hear it?

I've met Mr Atkinson.
When did you meet him?

The plane's landed.
When did it land?

The train's left.
When did it leave?

The bus's arrived.
When did it arrive?

12 Want to

12.1 [32] Na vety reagujte otázkou pomocou Why.

Vzor: *He wanted them to pay.*

Why did he want them to pay?

She wanted them to stay.

Why did she want them to stay?

Rose wants Peter to look at it.

Why does Rose want Peter to look at it?

Mary wants Mike to wear a hat.

Why does Mary want Mike to wear a hat?

He wants his wife to walk to work.

Why does he want his wife to walk to work?

She wants George to eat more fish.

Why does she want George to eat more fish?

We wanted them to travel by train.

Why did you want them to travel by train?

They wanted us to use the old machine.

Why did they want you to use the old machine?

She wanted me talk about it.

Why did she want you to talk about it?

I want you to do it now.

Why do you want me to do it now?

They wanted me to repeat the question.

Why did they want you to repeat the question?

He wants his children to learn Spanish.

Why does he want his children to learn Spanish?

I wanted him to tell the story again.

Why did you want him to tell the story again?

She wants him to listen to it again.

Why does she want him to listen to it again?

He wanted me to put it on the shelf.

Why did he want you to put it on the shelf?

She wants him to turn it off.

Why does she want him to turn it off?

13 Stupňovanie

13.1 [33] Na otázky odpovedajte kladne a s dôrazom pomocou Much.

Vzor: Is Mike taller?

Yes, he is much taller.

Is it colder today?

Yes, it's much colder.

Is his car more expensive?

Yes, it's much more expensive.

Can he run faster ?

Yes, he can run much faster.

Do you need something smaller?

Yes, I need something much smaller.

Would you like something more comfortable?

Yes, I'd like something much more comfortable.

Is it easier for you now?

Yes, it's much easier for me now.

Did you want something more economical?

Yes, I wanted something much more economical.

Is this hat more modern?

Yes. It's much more modern.

Is she happier now?

Yes, she's much happier now.

Is the weather better now?

Yes, it's much better.

13.2 [34] Budete počut', že niečo je dobré, zaujímavé a podobne. Prejavte súhlas a povedzte, že je to najlepšie zo všetkého. Začnite pomocou Oh, yes.

Vzor: *This is a difficult exercise.*

Oh yes, it's the most difficult exercise of all.

This is going to be a difficult job.

Oh yes, it's going to be the most difficult job of all.

This will be an important match.

Oh yes, it will be the most important match of all.

That is a big department.

Oh yes, it's the biggest department of all.

This is a beautiful village.

Oh yes, it's the most beautiful village of all.

This is a cheap calculator.

Oh, it's the cheapest calculator of all.

Mike is a good student.

Oh yes, he's the best student of all.

This is a bad experience.

Oh yes, it's the worst experience of all.

14 Kedy nepoužívame Do v otázke

14.1 [35] Pýtajte sa na osobu alebo vec, ktorá stojí na začiatku vety.

Vzor: *Mr Parker bought a Range Rover.*
Who bought a Range Rover?

Mike broke the window.
Who broke the window?

The storm destroyed their house.
What destroyed their house?

The soup smells very good.
What smells very good?

Alice often reads job adverts.
Who often reads job adverts?

Kate often goes to the leisure centre.
Who often goes to the leisure centre?

The theatre performance started at seven.
What started at seven?

His brother presents children programmes on television.
Who presents children programmes on television?

He wants to work in the information centre.
Who wants to work in the informaton centre?

Caroline prefers to work in an office.
Who prefers to work in an office?

They completed the form.
Who completed the form?

His wife works in the local government.
Who works in the local government?

The match starts at seven.
What starts at seven?

The place looked very nice in the evening light.
What looked nice in the evening light?